

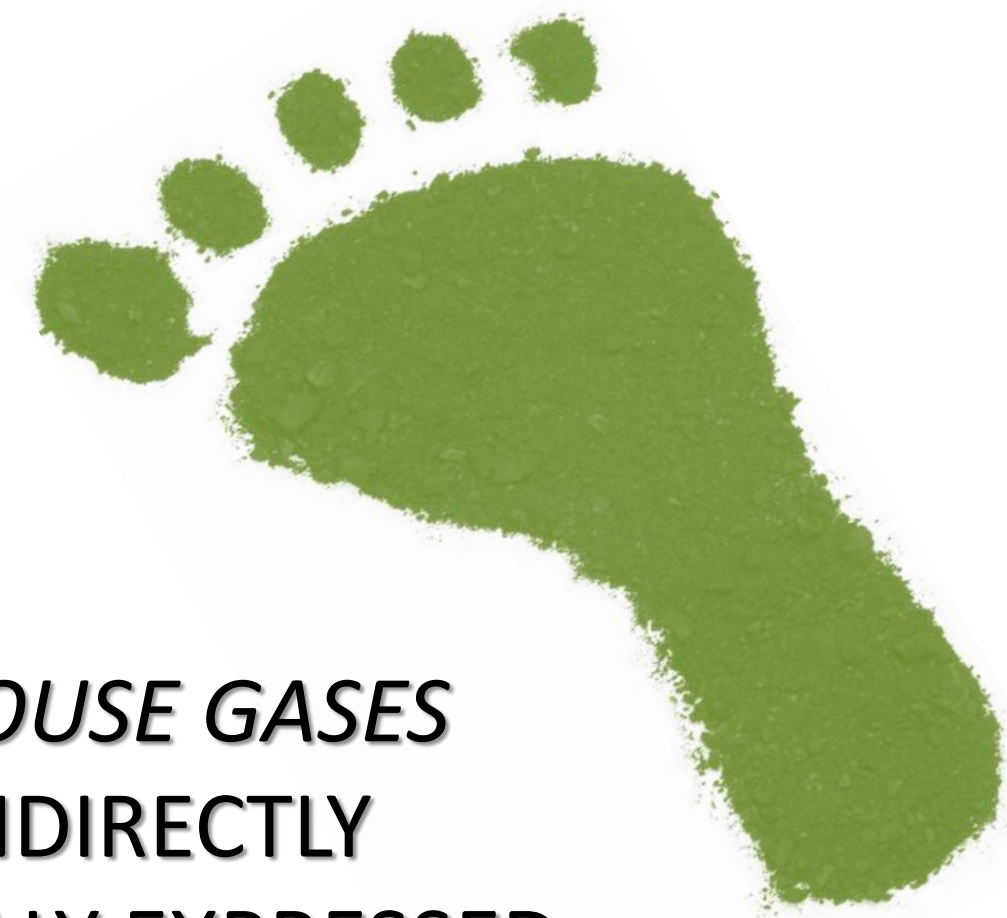
CARBON FOOTPRINT of the Intensive Programme

Danube

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CARBON FOOTPRINT is defined as:

THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF **GREENHOUSE GASES** PRODUCED TO DIRECTLY AND INDIRECTLY SUPPORT HUMAN ACTIVITIES, USUALLY EXPRESSED IN EQUIVALENT TONS OF CARBON DIOXIDE (CO₂).



Who is responsible for the CO₂?

A **carbon footprint** has historically been defined as the total set of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions caused by an organization, event, product or person.

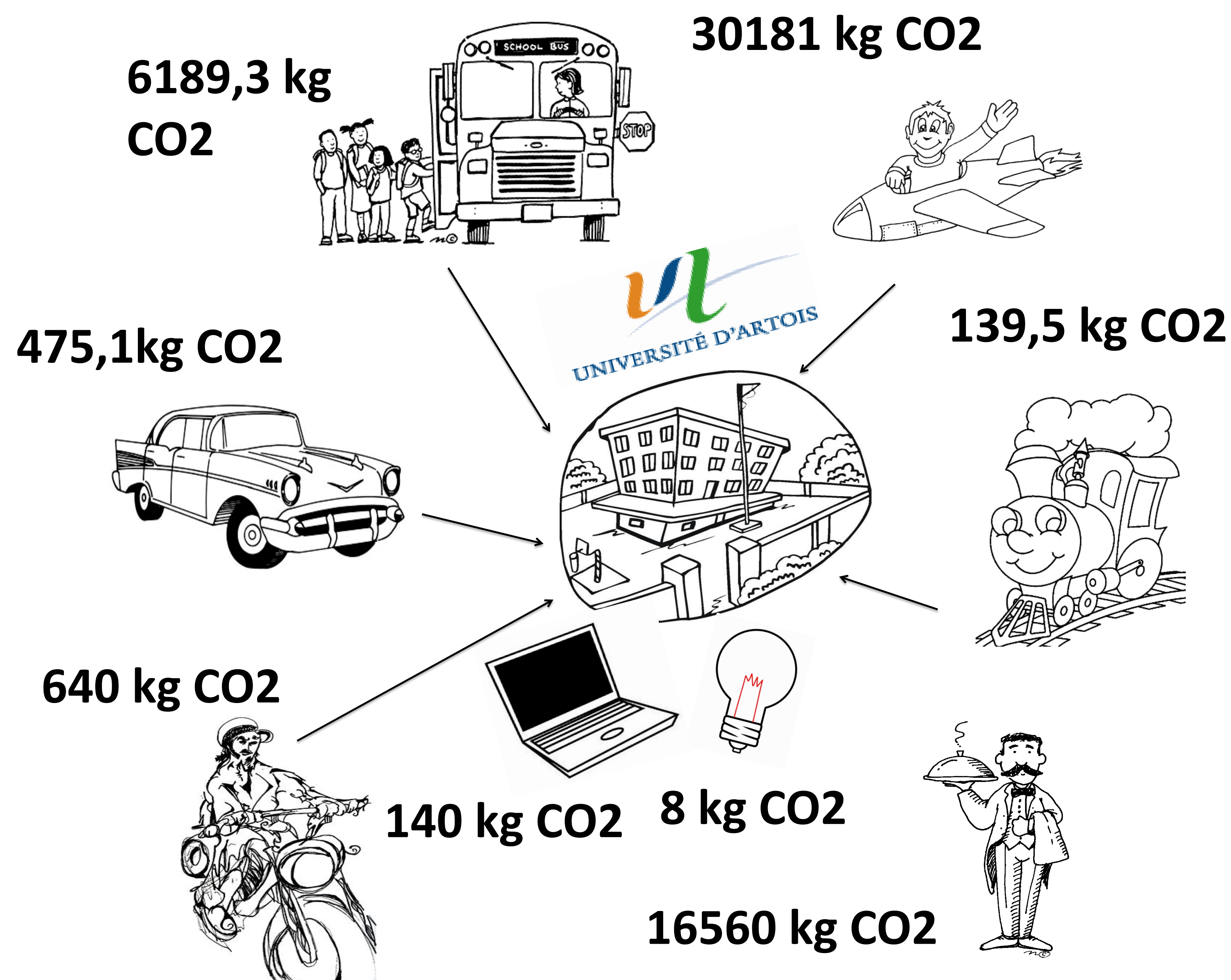
Greenhouse gases can be emitted through transport, land clearance, and the production and consumption of food, fuels, manufactured goods, materials, wood, roads, buildings, and services.

Most of the carbon footprint emissions for the average U.S. household come from "indirect" sources, i.e. fuel burned to produce goods far away from the final consumer. These are distinguished from emissions which come from burning fuel directly in one's car or stove, commonly referred to as "direct" sources of the consumer's carbon footprint.

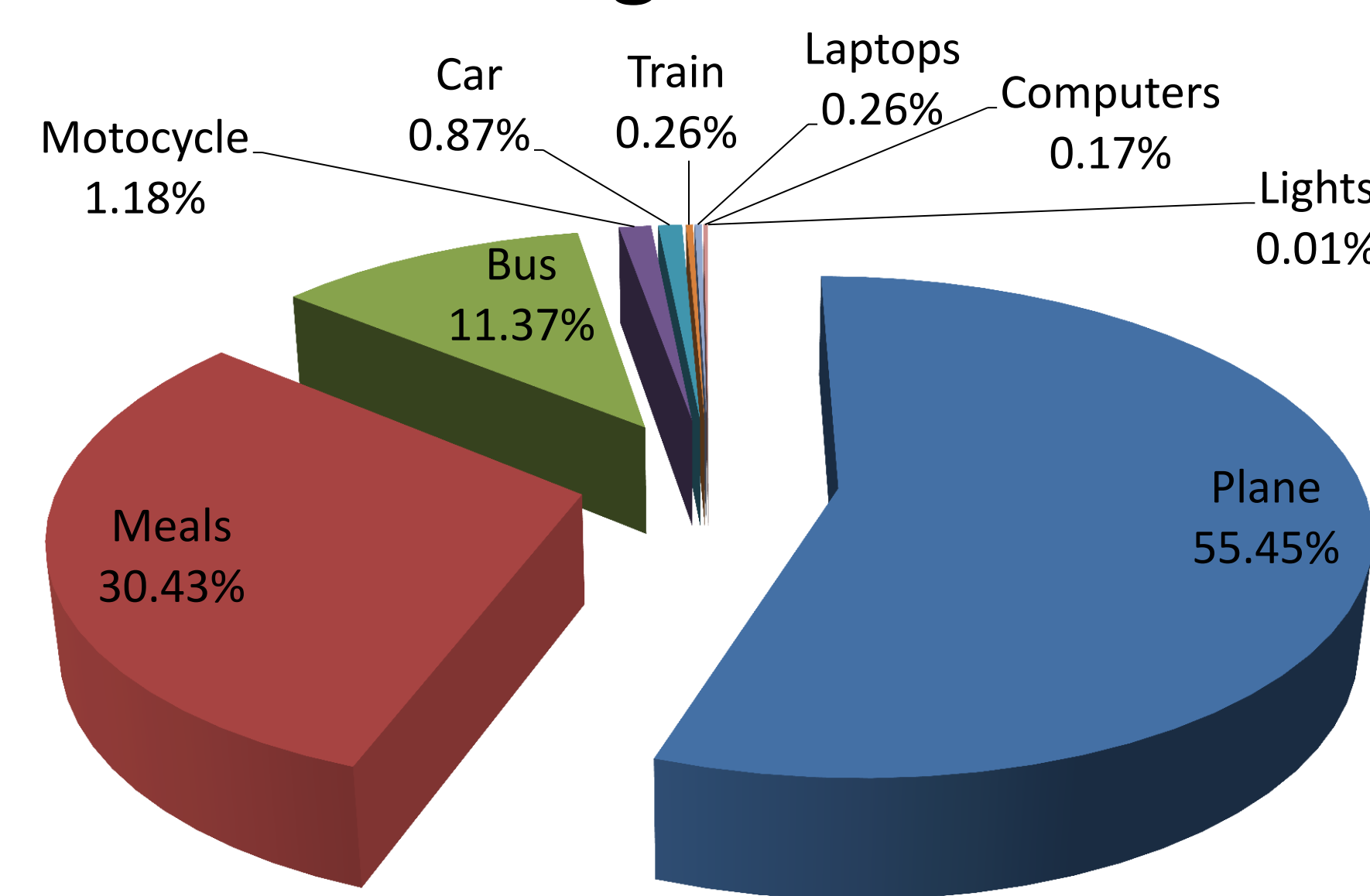
What is your Carbon Footprint?

- Jack, New York: My carbon footprint is 28.6/year
- Ana, Madagaskar: My carbon footprint is 1.5/year
- Natasha, Moscow: My carbon footprint is 10.1/year
- Oliver, Sydney: My carbon footprint is 20.6/year

CO₂ produced during the IP:



CO₂ footprint of Intensive Programme



How many planets do I need living this way?

